Argentinean Regulatory Framework

Analyst Update Meeting

June 2017







Argentina – General View	
Market description	
Regulatory framework	
Generation	
Distribution	

Argentina

Country Overview



Estimated Population¹ (2016) 43,590,368 45.62% (19,900,257) in City of Buenos Aires & Buenos Aires

Government Authorities

President: Mauricio Macri
(Cambiemos) – Since Dec15
Jefe de Gobierno (City of Buenos
Aires): Horacio Rodriguez Larreta
(Cambiemos) – Since Dec15
Governor of Buenos Aires Province:
María Eugenia Vidal (Cambiemos) –
Since Dec15



Province

Access to Basic Services & Technology

MODERN ENERGY 2

- Homes with access to natural gas: 56.2%
- Homes with access to Electricity: 98%
- Individuals without electric service : 484,816

WATER & SANITATION

- Drinking Water converage³: 96%
- Sanitation coverage³: 91%
- Access to domestic water network⁴: 84,4%
- Sewage coverage⁴: 58,4%

INTERNET ⁵

- Individuals with access: 69.40%
- Homes with access: 55.52%
- Cellular phone subscriptions (per 100 inhabitants): 143.91
- Active cellular broadband lines per 100 inhabitants: 67.30.

¹ Official estimation, INDEC.

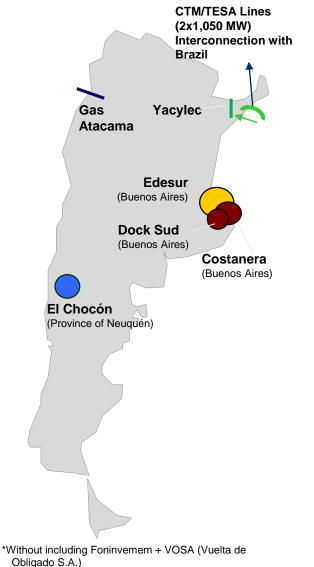
² Source: RAGA SE4ALL Argentina, Jan 2013.

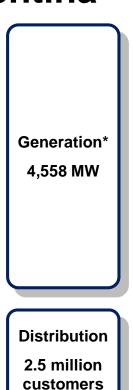
³ Fuente: Meeting the MDG drinking water and sanitation target, WHO,2006]

⁴ Fuente: Plan Nacional de Agua potable y saneamiento, 2016

⁵ Source: ITU 2016 http://www.itu.int/net4/ITU-D/idi/2016/#idi2016countrycard-tab&ARG

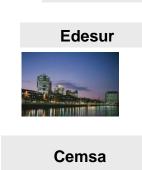
The Enel Group in Argentina





Trading

Transport



CTM / TESA

Gas Atacama

capacity.



CTM/TESA: Interconnection between Argentina and Brazil

(Argentine side), managed by CIEN (Brazil) (135 km each)

Argentina-Chile Gas Pipeline with a 8.5 million m3 per day

Description of the Legal Framework



Rules that make up the Regulation

- Legal Framework, Law N ° 24065
- Regulatory Executive Order 1398/92
- Concession Agreement
- Rules of Supply
- SEE resolutions related to the MEM
- ENRE Regulatory Resolutions

Intervening Regulators



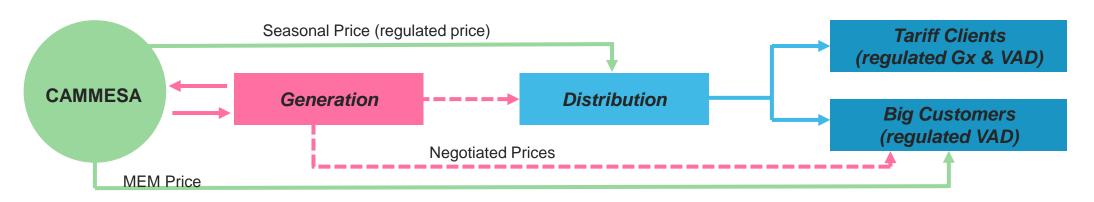
DELIVERY AND ADMINISTRATION

Market structure

Vertical separation of the system



	Generation (Gx)	Transmission (Tx)	Distribution (Dx)
•	Semicompetitive Market	Natural monopoly	Natural monopoly
•	Semicost plus retribution	Open access	 Regulated busines, VAD is approved for 5 years.
	Maybet in present of above a from a	 Regulated busines 	Open acces
•	Market in process of change from a more competive one.	 No obligation to expand. 	Obligation to expand.
	•	 Centralized planning (Secretary of 	 Pass-through of Tx and Gx costs.
•	Forward contracts for Energy plus (new energy).	Energy)	 Gx costs are subsidized for several residencial segments (social tarif and electrodependance)



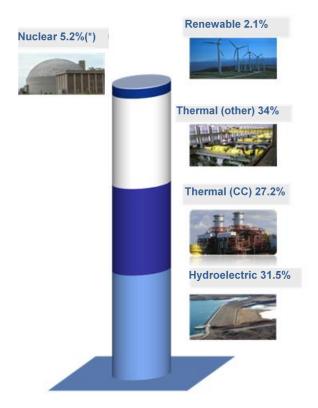


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Generation Sector

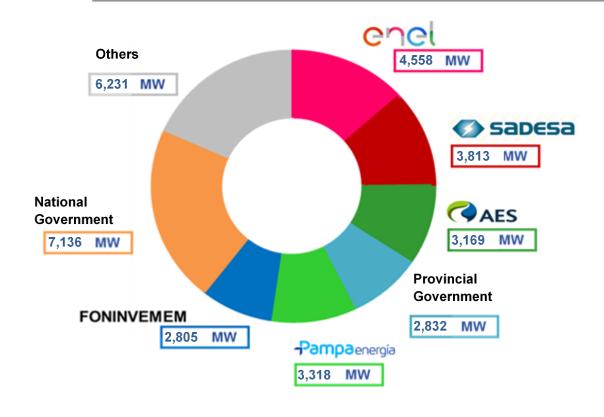
Argentina Figures

Installed Capacity by Technology





Main participants (MW share%)



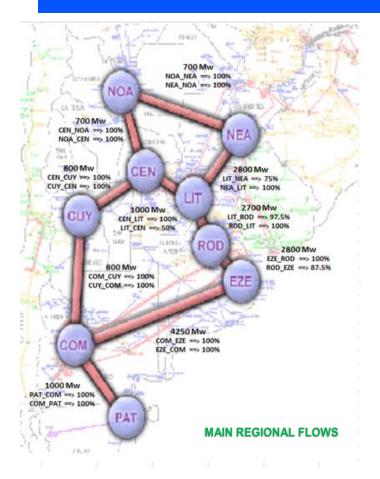
Total installed capacity as at 2016 33,862 MW

(*) Property of the National Government

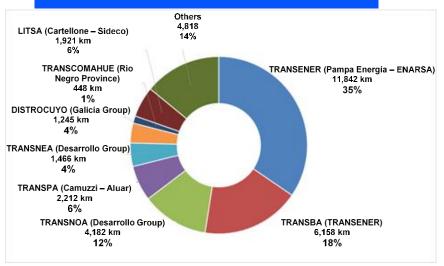
Transmission Sector

Transmission - SADI

Available Transport Capacity and Delivery Point.



Corporate Groups



enel

19,532 km of line Trunk Distribution

14,192 km in 500 kV

Most of the grids are close to their capacity limits in times of greater demand

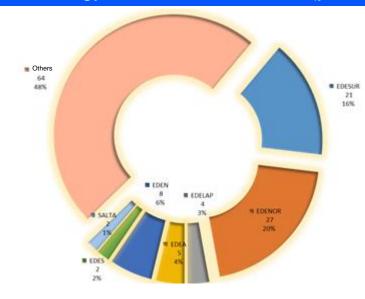
TRANSMISSION SYSTEM	500 kV	330 kV	220 kV	132 kV	66 kV	33 kV	TOTAL
High Voltage	14.192		562	6			14.760
Trunk Distribution		1.116	1.114	16.881	398	24	19.532
- Cuyo Region			642	625			1.267
- Comahue Region				1367			1.367
- Buenos Aires Region			177	5583	398		6.158
- NEA Region			30	2133		24	2.187
- NOA Region				5050			5.050
- PATAGONIA Region		1.116	265	2123			3.504

Distribution Sector

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Distributors' Participation - Total Energy Distributed 133 TWh (year 2016)





Start of Demand



Pampa Holding (EDENOR)ENEL (EDESUR)

Rogelio Pagano Buenos Aires province (EDELAP, EDEA, EDEN, EDES) - Salta

(EDESA)

■ Cartellone Tucumán (EDET) and Jujuy (EJESA)

■ Vila - Manzano Mendoza (EDEMSA) and La Rioja (EDELAR)

Other Private San Luis (EDESAL - Rovella Carranza), Sgo. del Estero (EDESE -

Entities ICK), San Juan (ESJSA - CGE), Río Negro (EDERSA - Grupo Neuss)

Provincial Entities Córdoba, Santa Fe, Entre Ríos, Chaco, Formosa, Corrientes, Misiones,

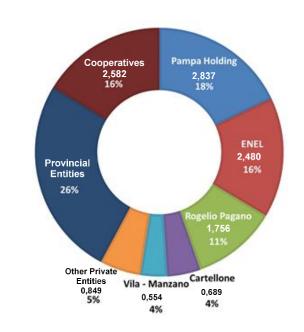
Catamarca, La Pampa, Neuguén, Chubut, Santa Cruz, Tierra del

Fuego, Mendoza (eastern region).

Cooperatives

Groups

Corporate





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Evolution of regulation in Argentina

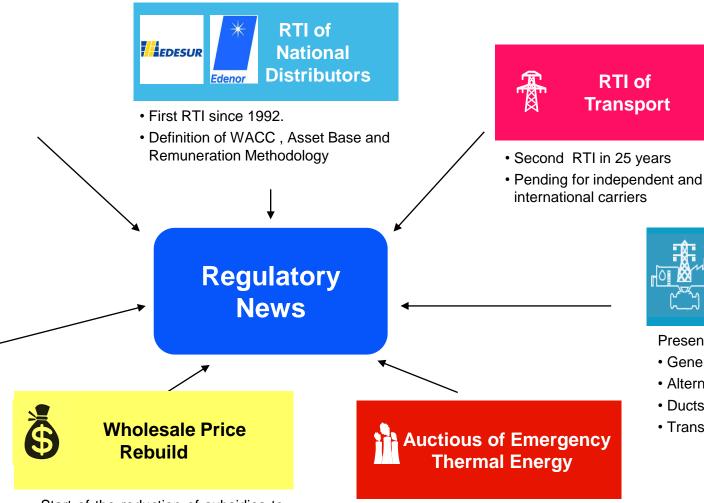




- Offers: 123 for a total of 6.366 MW
- Adjudicated: 2.424 MW (59 projects)
- Weighted price: 57,4 US\$/MWh.

Existing Generation Remuneration

- New Remuneration that reward of the power availability
- 3-year commitment offers



- Start of the reduction of subsidies to the cost of energy
- Spot price increase after 15 years

- Offers: 61 for a total of 6.746 MW
- Adjudicated: 3.108 MW



Presentation MDI: 196 projets

- Generacion: 34 GW
- Alternative Fuel
- Ducts and liquid management
- Transportation



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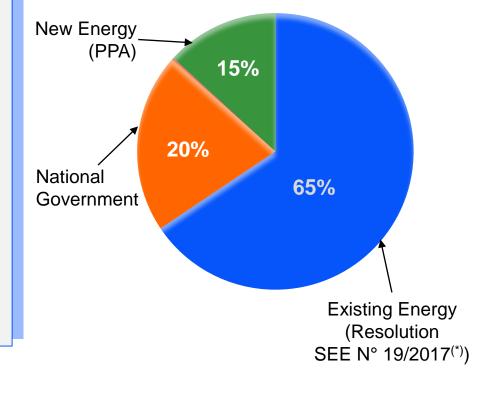
Generation Regulation



Key regulatory considerations:

- Remuneration for power and energy based on a cost recognition system pursuant to the technology and scale for the existing Energy (installed before the year 2006).
- Capacity expansion (New Energy) pursuant to Agreements (PPA).
- Government generators have their own remuneration.
- Generators do not manage fuel, it is provided by the System Operator (CAMMESA) at no cost.
- Restricted Forward Market Free customers are supplied through CAMMESA.

Market Segmentation pursuant to Applicable Regulation



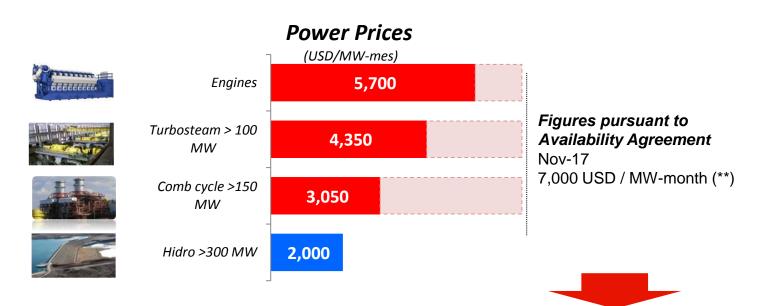
Regulatory Framework for Generation

Remuneration for Existing Generation(*) Resolution SEE N ° 19/2017

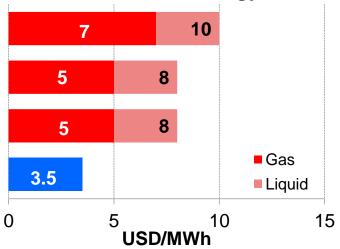


REMUNERATION SCHEME

- Payment according to Capacity (available) pursuant to the technology and size.
- Variable remuneration according to energy generated (non fuel) and operated.
- Possibility to enter into Agreements of Availability of Guaranteed Power with the system operator (CAMMESA) for 3 years (only for thermal units).
- Fuel supplied to thermal plants by CAMMESA at no cost.
- Income denominated in dollars.



Non combined energy values.



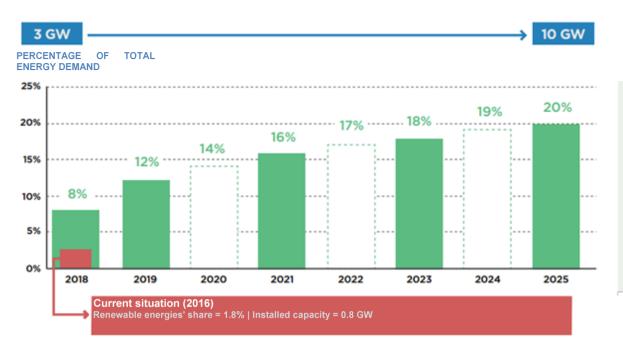
It represents a monomic increment of around 50% with respect to the previous regulation

Renewable Energy Tender Offers



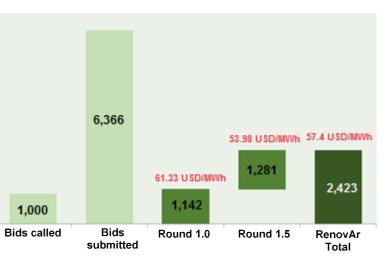
GOALS

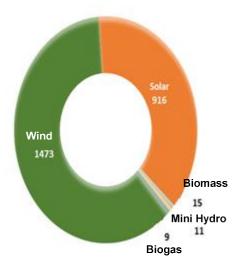
• Law 27191 sets forth a phased target for non-conventional renewable energy to reach 20% of demand in 2025.



PROGRESS

• The Government launched the RenovAr Program in stages to boost the renewable energy sector and reach the first target of 8% (2018).





Does not consider former GENREN projects that are begin negotiated (Res. MEYM N $^{\circ}$ 149/17)

Energy Projects Tender Offers

(Thermal generation and electric and fuels transport)

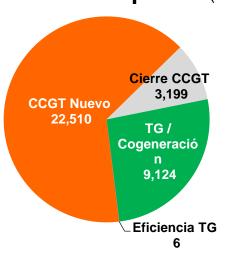


Resolution MEYM N ° 420/2016

Expressions of Interest Expressions of Interest for **196 projects**, divided into categories:

- New Generation (combined cycle, TG and cogeneration): 34 GW
- Alternative Fuel Supply
- Pipeline Construction and Liquid Management
- Expansion of Electric Transportation





Total: 34.84 GW

1st stage Tender offers for Combination Cycle and Cogeneration Closure

Res. SEE 287/2017 - Tender Offer Specifications:

- Execution of a PPA (in USD and for 15 years)
- Remuneration: Payment for Capacity and for energy (non fuel)
- Fuel: Supplied free of charge for cycle closures. For Cogeneration projects, it is provided by the offeror.
- Maximum period of entry into service: 30 months
- A Guarantee Fund is established for the payment of the PPA
 - Submission of tender offers □ July 19th Awarding □ September 1st



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EDESUR





Previous Situation

- Concession Agreement and Tariff Scheme of year 1992.
- Changed by ACTA ACUERDO (Agreement renegotiation)
- Rates with Arbitrary Updates that DO NOT reflect Costs
- Ad hoc regulations



Current Situation

Definition of business variables

- Capital base → VNR depreciado técnico
- Rate of return → +WACC real fijada por el ENRE
- Remuneration Methodology → PRICE CAP
- Definition of Rates Criteria and Calculations
 - Rates Based on Efficient Costs
 - Update Formula
 - Efficiency Factor
 - Investment Incentive Factor
- Quality system oriented to customer service
- Regulation Restatement

EDESUR

ene

EXECUTIVE SUMMARY Res. ENRE 64/2017

- Methodology → PRICE CAP
- Wacc → REAL RATE +12.46% (before taxes)
- Currency unit→ Angentinian pesos
- Adjustment formula Dec 15 to Feb 17 → IPC
- Theoretical VAD resulting → 14.540 MMar\$ (≈ 910 MMU\$D)
 - Increase in 3 installments with financial recovery in 48 monthly installments as of February 2018
- Adjustment → VAD update (Salaries, IPIM (wholesale price index), IPC (retail price index))
- Stimulus Factor → Efficiency X Factor and Q Investments
- Penalties → Quality Path with increasing the exigency

EDESUR

New Quality Scheme



FOCUS

In reducing the duration of outages (SAIDI)

- Scheme of Increasing Sanctions with an Improvement Path
- Average Replacement Time from almost 5 hours to less than 2 hours

FOCUS

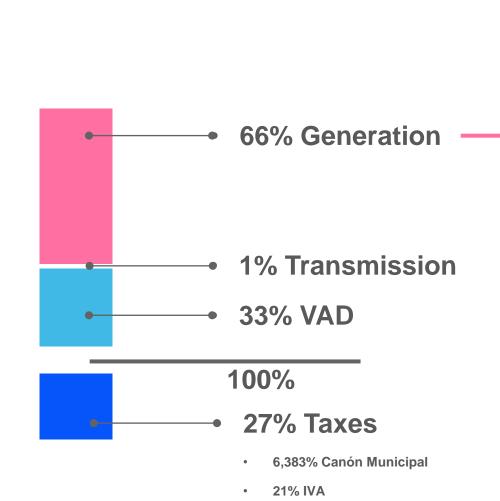
In Customer Service

- New Obligations for Commercial Service and New Supplies
- Time of Commercial Service Less than 30 minutes
- Compliance with Information requirements and Others

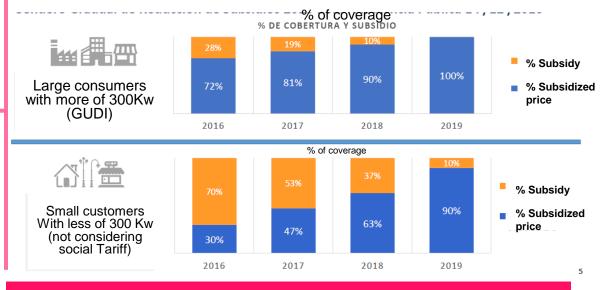
Tariff structure



Residential tariff (jun 2017): 88 u\$s/MWh for a 200 kWh/month customer (with taxes)







Increases are expected not related with EDESUR remuneration



Thank you